आयुक्त का कार्यालय केन्द्रीय वस्तु एवं सेवा कर, अहमदाबाद उसरे: सीआरयू/CRU

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आवक रजिस्टर क्रमांक___664



आयुक्त का कार्यालय Office of the Commissioner केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अपील अहमदाबाद आयुक्तालय Central GST, Appeals Ahmedabad Commissionerate जीएसटी भवन, राजस्व मार्ग, अम्बावाडी, अहमदाबाद-380015

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DIN: - 20240264SW0000555B98

(क)	फ़ाइल संख्या / File No.	GAPPL/COM/STP/3865/2023 7174	
(ख)	अपील आदेश संख्याऔर दिनांक / Order-In –Appeal and date	AHM-EXCUS-002-APP-238/23-24 and 15.02.2024	
(ग)	पारित किया गया / श्री ज्ञानचंद जैन, आयुक्त (अपील) Passed By Shri Gyan Chand Jain, Commissioner (Appeals)		
(घ)	जारी करने की दिनांक / Date of Issue	21.02.2024	
(ङ)	Arising out of Order-In-Original No. CGST/WT07/HG/892/2022-23 dated 16.2.2023 passed by The Assistant Commissioner, CGST Division-VII, Ahmedabad North		
(च)	अपीलकर्ता का नाम और पता / Name and Address of the Appellant	Viral Floor Care Center 22, Oxford Tower Gurukul Road, Memnagaring Ahmedabad - 380052	

कोई व्यक्ति इस अपील-आदेश से असंतोष अनुभव करता है तो वह इस आदेश के प्रति यथास्थिति नीचे बताए गए सक्षम अधिकारी को अपील अथवा पुनरीक्षण आवेदन प्रस्तुत कर सकता है, जैसा कि ऐसे आदेश के विरुद्ध हो सकता है।

Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority in the following way.

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन:-

Revision application to Government of India:

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा अतत नीचे बताए गए मामलों के बारे में पूर्वोक्त धारा को उप-धारा के प्रथम परन्तुक के अंतर्गत पुनरीक्षण आवेदन अधीन सचिव, भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली: 110001 को की जानी चाहिए:-

A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Govt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi - 110 001 under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-35 ibid:

(क) यदि माल की हानि के मामले में जब ऐसी हानिकार खाने से किसी भण्डागार या अन्य कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार से दूसरे भण्डागार में माल ले जाते हुए मार्ग में, या किसी भण्डागार या भण्डार में चाहे वह किसी कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार में हो माल की प्रकिया के दौरान हुई हो।

In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse.

(ख) भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित माल पर या माल के विनिर्माण में उपयोग शुल्क कच्चे माल पर उत्पादन शुल्क के रिबेट के मामलें में जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित है। In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.

(ग) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।

In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

(घ) अंतिम उत्पादन की उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो डयूटी केडिट मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस धारा एवं नियम के मुताबिक आयुक्त, अपील के द्वारा पारित वो समय पर या बाद में वित्त अधिनियम (नं 2) 1998 धारा 109 द्वारा नियुक्त किए गए हो।

Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec.109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

(2) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट प्रपत्र संख्या इए-8 में दो प्रतियों में, प्रेषित आदेश के प्रति आदेश प्रेषित दिनाँक से तीन मास के भीतरमूल-आदेश एवं अपील आदेश की दो-दो प्रतियों के साथ उचित आवेदन किया जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ खाता इ का मुख्य शीर्ष के अंतर्गत धारा 35-इ में निर्धारित फी के भुगतान के सबूत के साथ टीआर-6 चालान की प्रति भी होनी चाहिए।

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.

(3) रिविजन आवेदन के साथ जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रूपये या उससे कम होतो रूपये 200/- फीस भुगतान की जाए और जहाँ संलग्नरकम एक लाख से ज्यादा हो तो 1000/- की फीस भुगतान की जाए।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lac or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवा कर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपील:-Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

- (1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की धारा 35-बी/35-इ के अंतर्गत:-Under Section 35B/ 35E of CEA, 1944 an appeal lies to :-
- (2) उक्तलिखित परिच्छेद में बताए अनुसार के अलावा की अपील, अपीलो के मामले में सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका, अहमदाबाद में 2nd माला, बहुमाली भवन, असरवा, गिरधरनागर, अहमदाबाद-380004।

To the west regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at 2ndfloor, Bahumali Bhawan, Asarwa, Girdhar Nagar, Ahmedabad: 380004. In case of appeals other than as mentioned above para.

The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise(Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against (one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs.1,000/-, Rs.5,000/- and Rs.10,000/- where amount of duty / penalty / demand / refund is upto 5 Lac, 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asstt. Registar of a branch of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominate public sector bank of the Tribunal is situated.

(3) यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश होता है तो प्रत्येक मूल ओदश के लिए फीस का भुगतान उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिए इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी कि लिखा पढी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को एक अपील या केन्द्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता हैं।

In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner notwithstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs.100/- for each.

(4) न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम 1970 यथा संषोधित की अनुसूची -1 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए अनुसार उक्त आवेदन या मूलआदेश यथास्थिति निर्णयन प्राधिकारी के आदेश में से प्रत्येक की एक प्रतिपर रू 6.50 पैसे का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकट लगा होना चाहिए।

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paise as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

(5) इन ओर संबंधित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने वाले नियमों की ओर भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है जो सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्याविधि) नियम, 1982 में निहित है।

Attention in invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

(6) सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) एके प्रति अपीलो के मामले में कर्तव्यमांग (Demand) एवं दंड (Penalty) का 10% पूर्व जमा करना अनिवार्य है। हालांकि, अधिकतम पूर्व जमा 10 करोड़ रुपए है। (Section 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994)

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क और सेवाकर के अंतर्गत, शामिल होगा कर्तव्य की मांग (Duty Demanded)।

- (1) खंड (Section) 11D के तहत निर्धारित राशि;
- (2) लिया गलत सेनवैट क्रेडिट की राशिय;
- (3) सेनवैट क्रेडिट नियमों के नियम 6 के तहत देय राशि।

यह पूर्व जमा ' लंबित अपील' में पहले पूर्व जमा की तुलना मेंए अपील' दाखिल करने के लिए पूर्व शर्त बना दिया गया है।

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, 10% of the Duty & Penalty confirmed by the Appellate Commissioner would have to be pre-deposited, provided that the pre-deposit amount shall not exceed Rs.10 Crores. It may be noted that the pre-deposit is a mandatory condition for filing appeal before CESTAT. (Section 35 C (2A) and 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994).

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty demanded" shall include:

- (i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
- (ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;
- (iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules.

(6) (i) इस आदेश के प्रति अपील प्राधिकरण के समक्ष जहाँ शुल्क अथवा शुल्क या दण्ड विवादित हो तो माँग किए गए शुल्क के 10% भुगतान पर और जहाँ केवल दण्ड विवादित हो तब दण्ड के 10% भुगतान पर की जा सकती है।

In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute.

ORDER-IN-APPEAL

The present appeal has been filed by M/s. Viral Floor Care Center,22, Oxford Tower, Gurukul Road,Memnagar, Ahmedabad-380052, (hereinafter referred to as "the appellant") against Order-in-Original No. CGST/WT07/HG/892/2022-23 dated 16.02.2023 (hereinafter referred to as "the impugned order") passed by the Assistant Commissioner, Central GST, Division VII, Ahmedabad North (hereinafter referred to as "the adjudicating authority").

2. Briefly stated, the facts of the case are that the appellant are holding STC No. AAMFM5683RST001. On scrutiny of the data received from the Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) for the FY 2015-16, it was noticed that the appellant has less shown as income from services in their ST-3 in compare to the amount reflected under the heads "sales of services (Value from ITR)" filed with Income Tax department. Details of the same are as under:

F.Y.	Sales of Comica	01 00		
1.1.	Sales of Service	Sales of Service	Difference in value of ITR	Service tax not/
	as per ITR	as per ST-3	and ST-3	Short paid
2015-1	25,69,399/-	00	25.50	Para
2013 1		00	25,69,399/-	3,72,562/-

Accordingly, it appeared that the appellant had earned the said substantial income by way of providing taxable services but had neither paid Service Tax nor shown in their service tax return. The appellant were called upon to submit copies of required documents for assessment for the said period. However, the appellant had not responded to the letters issued by the department.

- 2.1 Subsequently, the appellant were issued Show Cause Notice No. CGST/AR-II/Div-VII/A'bad-North/TPD-Regd/89/20-21 dated 23.10.2020 demanding Service Tax amounting to Rs. 3,72,562/- for the period FY 2015-16 under proviso to Section 73 of the Finance Act, 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of interest under Section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994; and imposition of penalties (i) under Section 77 (1), 77(2) Section 78 of the Finance Act, 1994.
- 2.2 The Show Cause Notice was adjudicated vide the impugned order by the adjudicating authority wherein the demand of Service Tax amounting to Rs. 3,72,562/- was confirmed under proviso to Sub-Section (1) of Section 73 of the Finance Act, 1994 along with Interest under Section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994 for the period FY 2015-16. Further (i) Penalty of Rs. 3,72,562/- was imposed on the appellant under Section 78 of the Finance Act, 1994; (ii) Penalty of Rs. 3,000/- was imposed on the appellant under Section 77(1) of the Finance Act, 1994 and (iii) Penalty of Rs. 3,000/- was imposed on the appellant under Section 77(2) of the Finance Act, 1994.
- 3. Being aggrieved with the impugned order passed by the adjudicating authority, the appellant have preferred the present appeal, inter alia, on the following grounds:

- The appellant submitted that they are a Partnership firm engaged in the business of providing Manpower supply agency services and the same falls under RCM (Reverse Charge Mechanism) category as per notification no 07/2015-ST issued under section 68(2). As per above notification, the 100% service tax liability comes upon the service recipient.
- The appellant has shown the amount Rs 25,69,399/- as receipt against the Manpower Supply services during the F.Y. 2015-16. Further, In the F.Y. 2016-17 and 2017-18 they had done no business.
- The appellant submitted that they were not given the opportunity of any personnel hearing and passing OIO without providing hearing opportunity is gross violation of principal of natural justice. They made reference of the case of Sendhil Kumar Vs Central Office-2023 148 taxman 394 wherein Madras HC held that assessment order passed without hearing opportunity to be quashed for violation of principle of natural justice.
- Further they stated that they filed their reply on dated 06-11-2020 against the show cause notice dated 07-10-2020 but the department did not consider the same and issued the OIO without further verification which is bad in law. They made reference of the case of M/s Cosmic Dye Chemical V/s Collector of Central Excise Bombay(1995)[75]E.L.T.721(SC) wherein the Apex Court held that the detailed verification is must prior to issue SCN. They prayed to set aside the impugned OIO and allow their appeal.
- 4. Personal hearing in the case was held on 09.01.2024. Shri Bhumit B.Shah, Chartered Accountant, appeared on behalf of the appellant for personal hearing. He reiterated the written submission and requested for two days to file additional submission i.e. ITR and STR etc which have been received through email dated 14.02.2024.
- 5. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case, grounds of appeal, submissions made in the Appeal Memorandum and documents available on record. The issue to be decided in the present appeal is whether the impugned order passed by the adjudicating authority, confirming the demand of service tax against the appellant along with interest and penalty, in the facts and circumstance of the case, is legal and proper or otherwise. The demand pertains to the period FY 2015-16.
- 6. I find that in the SCN in question, the demand has been raised on the basis of the Income Tax Returns filed by the appellant as the appellant failed to reply of the departmental letters in time. Further they also failed to attend the personal hearing before the adjudicating authority, Therefore, the adjudicating authority adjudicated the matter ex parte and confirmed the demand along with interest and penalty.

Now, as per submission before me, It is observed that they were engaged in the business of providing Manpower supply agency services during the F.Y. 2015-16 and received the consideration Rs. 25,69,399/- for the same which is also reflecting in the P&L statement, ITR and ledger. While going through the Form 26AS it appears that they have received majority of their income from the service provided to the various body Corporates and such income is exempted from service tax for the service provider as the 100% liability to pay the service tax is upon the service recipient as per Noti. No 30/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012 further amended vide Noti. No 07/2015-ST dated 01.03.2015. However I find that following service recipients are not body corporate:

Sr. No.	Name of the Service Recipient	Amount in Rs.
1	Gandhi Corporation	30312/-
2	Janak Madan Charitable Educational Trust	30,934/-
3	Gemar Manikchand Mistry	55,348/-
	Ţotal	1,16,594/-

As the above 3 service recipients are other than body corporate and in such case the 100% liability to pay the service tax comes upon the service provider under forward charge mechanism.

- In view of the above discussion, I am of the considered view that the appellant is liable to 8. pay the service tax amount Rs. 16,906/- on the taxable value Rs. 1,16,594/- only. The same is recoverable from them along with interest and penalty. For the rest of income, they are eligible for benefit of the Noti. No 30/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012 further amended vide Noti. No 07/2015-ST dated 01.03.2015.
- Accordingly I pass the following order in appeal;
- 9.1 I uphold service tax to the extent payable Rs. 16,906/- only;
- Interest as applicable, under section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994 is also recoverable on the 9.2 service tax amount as per para 9.1;
- 9.3 I uphold the penalties under section 77(1) & 77(2) and
- I uphold the penalty under section 78 of the Finance Act,1994, equal to the service tax upheld in para 9.1 above.

अपील कर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता हैं। 10. The appeal filed by the appellant stands disposed of in above terms.

(ज्ञानचंद जैन)

आयुक्त (अपील्स)

Date: 15-02-24

Attested





Manish Kumar Superintendent(Appeals), CGST, Ahmedabad

By RPAD / SPEED POST

M/s. Viral Floor Care Center, 22, Oxford Tower, Gurukul Road, Memnagar, Ahmedabad-380052

The Assistant Commissioner, CGST, Division-VII, Ahmedabad North

Appellant

Respondent

Copy to:

1) The Principal Chief Commissioner, Central GST, Ahmedabad Zone 12) The Commissioner, CGST, Ahmedabad North

3) The Assistant Commissioner, CGST, Division VII, Ahmedabad North 4) The Assistant Commissioner (HQ System), CGST, Ahmedabad North

(for uploading the OIA)

5) Guard File

6) PA file

